

Task Group – 4: Oceans, Coasts, Islands (OCI)

Activity report

Earth Observations for Asia-Oceania

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TG4 pre-2025 achievements: Data Inventory System (Geonetwork) enables access metadata from in situ observation database

New System to access to observation database by using metadata search (Geonetworks)



Australia IMOS: <u>https://portal.aodn.org.au/</u> CSIRO: <u>https://research.csiro.au/ncmi-idc/</u> Japan JAMSTEC Argo: (not available now, due to security issue in JAMSTEC) JAMSTEC data base: <u>http://www.jamstec.go.jp/e/database</u> (not available) Indonesia LIPI: <u>http://pusdata.oseanografi.lipi.go.id/</u> <u>http://gis.oseanografi.lipi.go.id/</u> Malaysia UMT: <u>https://www.mynodc.gov.my/</u> Thailand GISDA: http://marinegiscenter.dmcr.go.th OFS: <u>http://ofs.dmcr.go.th/thailand/</u> Viet Nam IO: http://vodc.vnio.org.vn/

NEARGOOS: <u>https://ds.data.jma.go.jp/gmd/goos/data/rrtdb/in-situ.html</u>

Demonstration site on Amazon Web Service (AWS)



http://3.112.1.116:8080/geonetwork/ on AWS

Threats and Environmental Issues in Asian Coastal Oceans



TG4 Session with new members

Time	Presentation Titles	Speakers						
Day-1, Sep 3, 15:40 – 18:40, Moderator: Eko Siswanto								
15:40 – 16:00	Welcome remarks & Introduction to Task Group 4 Session	Aidy M. Shawal bin M. Muslim & Eko Siswanto						
16:00 – 16:20	Understanding and managing harmful algal blooms in the Philippines	Aletta T. Yñiguez						
16:20 – 16:40	Monitoring coastal ocean ecosystem climate change using GCOM-C and in situ bio-optical observations	Victor Kuwahara						
16:40 – 16:50	Short break							
16:50 – 17:10	Seamless detection of harmful algal blooms with machine learning and satellite imagery	Salem Ibrahim Salem						
17:10 – 17:30	Satellite-based observation of red tides in the eutrophic coastal waters	Jutarak Luang-on						
17:30 – 17:50	Potential of SGLI-derived chlorophyll-a as an index of coastal eutrophication	Genki Terauchi						
17:50 – 18:10	Discussion							
Day-2, Sep 4, 10:00 – 13:00, Moderator: Aletta T. Yñiguez								
10:00 – 10:20	Converting satellite-derived remote sensing reflectance to optical water quality for the entire Asian waters	Eko Siswanto						
10:20 – 10:40	Integration of ocean color remote sensing and ocean modeling for understanding and predicting changes in coastal marine ecosystems	Anukul Buranapratheprat						
10:40 – 11:00	Modelling and forecasting the effects of increasing sea surface temperature on coral bleaching in the Indo-Pacific region	Aidy M. Shawal bin M. Muslim						
11:00 – 11:20	Short break							
11:20 – 11:40	Satellite radar altimeters for observing the sea level over the marginal sea in Southeast Asia	Nurul Hazrina binti Idris						
11:40 – 12:00	Earth observation data for operational fisheries oceanography	Jonson Lumban Gaol						
12:00 – 12:30	Discussion for Task Group 4 activity reports							



- Optical sensors
 * Eutrophication
 - * Harmful algal blooms
 - * Fisheries
 - * Water quality
- Infrared sensor
 * Coral reef bleaching
 * Fisheries
- Altimeter
 * Sea level

- Coupled numerical model-marine ecosystem model
 - * Ocean surface current
 - * Harmful algal blooms
- In situ observers
 * Harmful algal blooms
 - * Fisheries

Products/maps

Optical/ocean color sensor

- Phytoplankton chlorophyll-a, CDOM, TSM
- Remote sensing reflectance (380 nm ~ 670 nm)
- Optically-based water quality
- Chlorophyll-a anomaly
- Red tide

Infrared sensor

• Sea surface temperature

Other products/maps under consideration/discussion

- Eutrohication
- Bio-optical properties
- Phytoplankton functional types
- Net primary production (NPP)
- Sea leval anomaly/trend
- Surface ocean current
- Plastic debris
- Modeled chlorophyll-a / NPP
- Fisheries-related information
- etc.

Asian Coast and Ocean Portal (A-COP)





CMEMS sea level anomaly OSCAR surface current 01 SEP 2019

GEO GROUP ON EARTH OBSERVATIONS

> Integrated Earth & social science-derived knowledge & insights



Earth

Inform strategic decisions

Intelligence Build regional capacities & empower society

Address environmental, societal, and economic challenges

Earth Intelligence For All GEO POST 2025 STRATEGY

Objectives of the TG4 OCI Task

Harness Earth Observation (EO) to enhance coastal ocean environmental management by monitoring and assessing changes in key variables, informing evidence-based decision-making, and supporting Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)





- Developing a portal to provide information mainly based on satellite observations (SGLI, Sentinel etc.)
- Promoting research collaborations (in situ data collections, algorithm and model developments, calibration/validation, etc.)
- Regional research capacity building (workshops, training, earlycareer scientist engagement, etc.)
- •Linking with ongoing projects/programmes (e.g. Asia-Pacific Network for Global Change Research, CoastPredict) to strengthen the outputs/outcomes
- Promoting science-policy interfacing (e.g., UN Ocean Decade Action, stakeholder engagement)

Portal development

JAXA

Hiring early-career scientist



EO-RA4 Research Category									
Cata				Earth Observation Research Programs					
Satellite Project Research						①Preparing for and responding to water-related disasters,			
A) AMSR3 & GCOM-W	 ①Algorithm Development ②Calibration/Validation 	③Earth Observation Research Program (Applied Research)		(1) Disaster Prevention, Mitigation and National Resilience		GFundamental information and digital national land for national resilience ③Improving forecast of extreme events that cause weather and we related disasters			
3) GCOM-C	①Algorithm Development②Calibration/Validation	(3)Earth Observation Research Program (Applied Research)		Dr	(2- nos ien	\bigcirc Observation of GHG concentration distribution in the earth's thospharmad estimation of CG absorption O_2 and CH ₄ emission by uncertainty on button to ward. ST			
C) GPM & PMM	 ①Algorithm Development ②Calibration/Validation 	③Earth Observation Research Program (Applied Research)		(2)		Control of the state of as and presenged of the warming and the own, there end one has a to derse the radiative forcing (3) Monitoring and predicting water cycle variations (4) Adaptation to variation of water resources			
D) EarthCARE	①Algorithm Development ②Calibration/Validation	③Earth Observation Research Program (Applied Research)		to Climate Change Solutions	(2-b) Land	OManagement of forests as CO2 sinks, and carbon budget Outerstanding and predicting biodiversity and its environment Outerstanding and predicting of terrestrial hydrology and cryosphe			
E) ALOS-2/ ALOS-4	 ①Algorithm Development ②Calibration/Validation 	③Earth Observation Research Program (Applied Research)		Solutions	(2-c) Ocean	①Ocean carbon budget and cycle ②Monitoring/prediction and conservation of the ocean environr ③Marine bioresource management ④Understanding and predicting environment changes in the pola			
F) MOLI	 ①Algorithm Development ②Calibration/Validation 	N/A		(3) Contribution to socio-		oceans ①Contribution to socio-economic benefits related to carbon neutrali ②Strengthening food security			
G) Multi-satellite utilization	N/A	③Earth Observation Research Program (Applied Research)				③Smart agriculture, forestry and fishery ④Acquisition and use of environmental information related to public health ⑤Creation of environmental information related to atmospheric			
			economic issues		environment @Creation of information for decision-making through combined uses satellite and socio-economic data DProviding information to secure natural resources and energy @Contributing to climate change solutions through ESG Investments @Education in remote sensing				





Advanced Institute for Marine Ecosystem Change (WPI-AIMEC) Hiring early-career scientist

Improving regional research capacity in Earth Observation



Upcoming event



The workshop of the Expanding EO data usage to address climatic changes in the marine biosphere of the northwest Pacific and Indo-Pacific regional seas (EO-WPI) project

SIMBER



Current status & the way forward

- Task Group 4 (TG4) has redefined strategy to develop new Earth Observation-based platform, the Asian Coastal Ocean Portal (A-COP), aiming at providing data and information to the community to address environmental issues in Asian coastal oceans
- A-COP is currently in development phase. Initially, it will provide optical/ocean color products, with future plan to include other common biogeophysical variables. A-COP is expected to be launched within 2024
- Improving regional research capacity and early career scientist engagement
- The research and development of models/algorithms, along with A-COP improvement, and their implementation for socioeconomic benefits, will be the focus of the TG4's strategy post-2025