

2024 AOGEO Symposium

Special Session 2: Highlighting the Early-Careers

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1. Highlighting the Early-Careers in AOGEO

Cited by

i10-index

Introduction

Faisal Mumtaz

Aerospace Information Research Institute, CAS

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	All	Since 2019
Citations	1223	1213
h-index	19	19

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Current Roles:

1. **Project Coordinator:** "Integrated Remote Sensing Monitoring of Ecosystem over Asia-Oceania Hot Areas"

2. Secretary: Task Group 7, AOGEO

Expertise: Vegetation Remote Sensing, Vegetation Dynamics, Human Activities, Ecosystem Change, Carbon Emissions, GIS and Remote Sensing Modeling

Focus Areas:

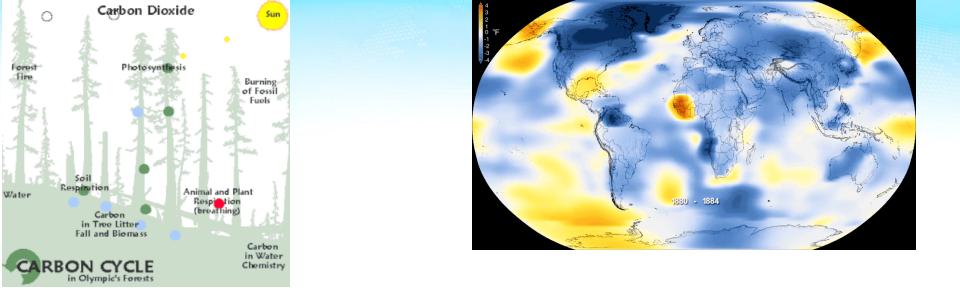
- Innovative Contributions
- Fostering Collaboration
- Addressing Challenges

Authorship:

Published 50+ SCI research articles

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According to Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) assessment report AR6, there is a 95% certainty that human activities are causing global climate change. Its impacts on terrestrial ecosystems need to be evaluated quantitatively.





2. New Ideas, Visions, and Solutions



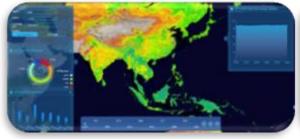


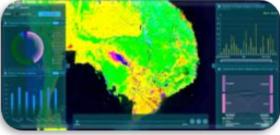


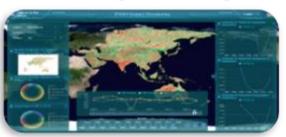
Ecosystem Quality Monitoring (Asia)

Forest Monitoring

ENSO Impact Monitoring



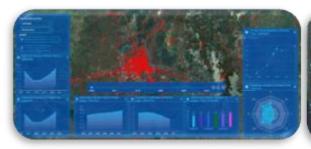


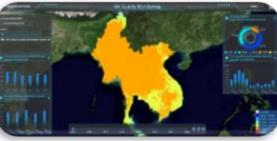


Urban Expansion Monitoring

Air Quality Monitoring

Integrated global ecosystem monitoring







- Collaborative Platforms for Real-Time Monitoring and community engagement
- Strategic Solutions by policy support and Capacity Building
- Call to Action

Wang C, Li J*. Geophysical Research Letters, 2022



Geophysical Research Letters

RESEARCH LETTER 10.1029/2021GL096666 The anomalies of Leaf Area Index

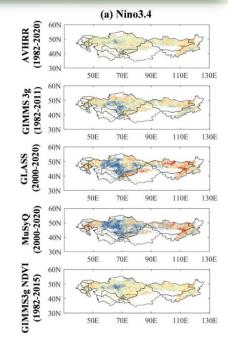
Eastern-Pacific and Central-Pacific Types of ENSO Elicit Diverse Responses of Vegetation in the West Pacific Region

Cong Wang^{1,2} , Jing Li^{1,3} , Qinhuo Liu^{1,3}, Alfredo Huete⁴ , Longhui Li^{5,6} , Yadong Dong¹, and

✓El Niño and La Niña sensitive areas can be identified separately.

✓ Uncertainty in the response to vegetation anomalies was considered.

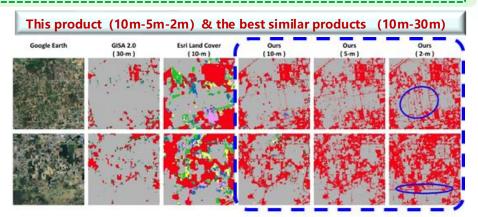
✓ Effects of non-ENSO periods are excluded



Integrated ecosystem monitoring



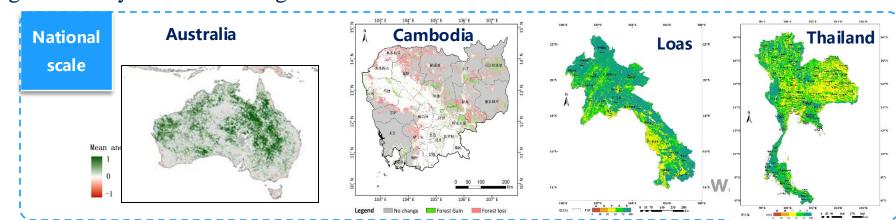
Sun, 2021, IEEE TC; Sun, 2022, ISPRS; Sun, 2023, Scientific Data



Developed high-res urban mapping with Australia for Mekong

Chen et al., 2023, TGRS; Chen et al., 2023, Science of the Total Environment

Higher accuracy and time resolution compared to the main products in the Lancang-Mekong River Basin

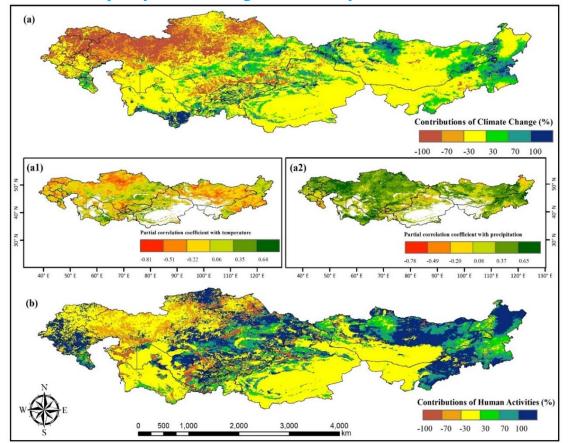




Integrated Monitoring of Grasslands in Eurasia: ① Human activities as a dominant factor in the improvement of ecosystem quality in the eastern Eurasian Grasslands region

◆ Analyzing the characteristics of changes in land cover types in 2000-2020 and assessing the impacts of climate change and human activities on the quality of ecosystems.

Contribution of climate change and human activities to changes in the quality of Eurasian grassland ecosystems, 2000-2020

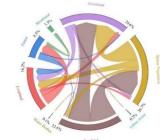


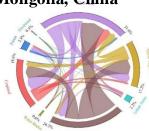
Mumtaz., Li J.*, Science of the Total Environment, 2023

- Human activities are the
 dominant factor in the
 improvement of ecosystem quality
 in the eastern Eurasian Grasslands
 region
- About 85% of land cover change is caused by human activities

Mongolia

Xinjiang and Inner Mongolia, China





Land cover type change con in areas of significant change



3. Fostering Collaboration in the AO Region

• **Field Surveys in Cambodia:** Conducted field surveys and meetings with the Ministry of Environment in Cambodia under an AOGEO project, focusing on ecosystem monitoring and environmental protection.







• Cross-Border Collaboration: Facilitated cooperation between local stakeholders and AOGEO, strengthening the integration of Earth observation data in Earth Intelligence and decision-making.





4. Conclusion

Call to Action

Support Early-Career Experts **Embrace Innovation**

Challenges Faced:

- Data Accessibility:
- **Coordination Barriers**
- **Resource Limitations**



Potential and Vision of Earth Intelligence

Earth Intelligence holds transformative potential for addressing the complex and multifaceted challenges facing the Asia-Oceania region. By harnessing advanced Earth observation technologies and data analytics, we can achieve a deeper understanding of environmental dynamics, such as climate change impacts, land use transitions, and natural resource management.

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Higher- Orbit Sat

Thank you!

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